





## PRIMARY (PRELIMINARY) RESULTS AFTER 12 MONTHS

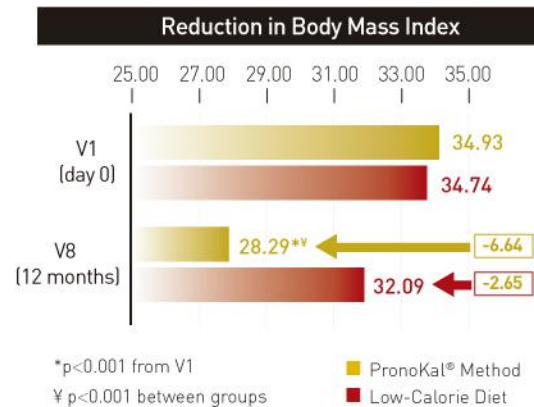
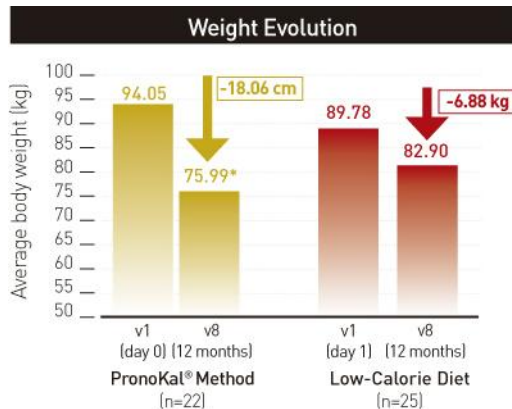
### Sample Characteristics (patients who have completed the 12-month monitoring period)

Baseline Values (visit 1/day 0)		Total n = 53	PronoKal® Method n = 27	Low-Calorie Diet n = 26	p*
Age (years) Average (SD)		45.38 (8.94)	44.44 (8.64)	46.35 (9.32)	N. S.
Sex	Men n (%)	6 (11.32%)	5 (18.52%)	1 (3.85%)	N. S.
	Women n (%)	47 (88.68%)	22 (81.48%)	25 (96.15 %)	N. S.
Weight (kg) Average (SD)		95.17 (18.39)	97.93 (18.91)	92.17 (17.71)	N. S.
BMI (kg/m2) Average (SD)		35.14 (4.94)	35.11 (4.57)	35.18 (5.39)	N. S.
Waist circumference (cm) Average (SD)		109.81 (12.49)	111.31 (13.45)	108.25 (11.46)	N. S.

\*Statistical significance. Comparison between groups. N.S.=Not significant.

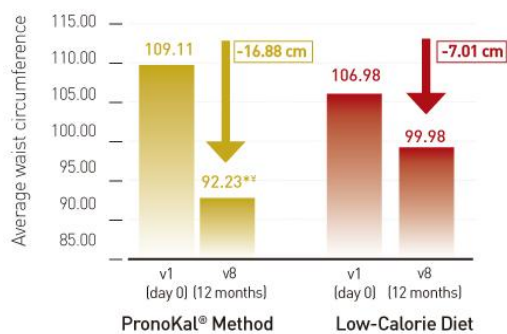
### Weight Loss and Reduction of Body Mass Index (women only)

Weight loss over 12 months was 3 times greater with PronoKal®. Only with PronoKal® did patients show a significant reduction in BMI, obtaining an average value below the obesity range (BMI<30).



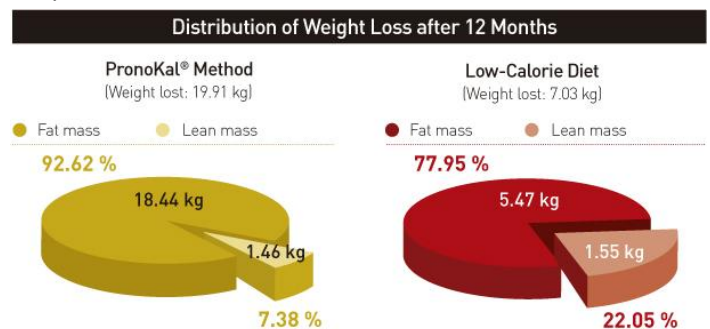
### Evolution of Waist Circumference (women only)

With PronoKal®, waist circumference reduction is two times greater.



### Weight-loss Distribution: lean mass/fat mass

With PronoKal®, weight loss is primarily at the expense of fat mass.



**93% of patients who followed the PronoKal® Method said they were satisfied (51.9%) or very satisfied (40.7%), versus 88.2% of low-calorie diet patients who were satisfied (61.5%) or very satisfied (26.7%).**